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Continuing Education Course #605
Ethics & Professional Obligations

1. Engineers shall advise their clients when they believe a project will not be successful.
 a. True
 b. False
2. If a client requires an engineer to seal plans/specifications that do not comply with engineering, the engineer must notify proper authorities.
 a. True
 b. False
3. An engineer may omit a material fact that may be controversial to the public.
 a. True
 b. False
4. An engineer may not discuss any confidential information, plans, or processes of a client/employer until he terminates his employment with that client or employer.
 a. True
 b. False
5. An engineer may not accept commissions or financial rewards from material or equipment suppliers contingent on the engineer specifying their products.
 a. True
 b. False
6. When can Engineers accept part-time engineering work?
 a. Only if they do not notify their employer.
 b. Only if consistent with employer policies and ethical considerations.
 c. Under any circumstances.
 d. As long as it doesn't interfere with their personal time.
7. Using your employer's equipment for private practice without consent is unethical.
 a. True
 b. False
8. If you believe another engineer is guilty of unethical or illegal practice, you should:
 a. Ignore it to avoid conflict.
 b. Spread rumors to warn others.
 c. Present the information to the proper authorities.
 d. Handle it yourself without involving others.
9. It is acceptable to use your professional engineering license to legitimize the unethical activities of non-engineers.

- a. True
- b. False

10. Designs, data, records, and notes referring exclusively to an employer's work are:

- a. The property of the engineer who created them.
- b. The property of the employer.
- c. Considered public domain.
- d. Free to be used in any future projects without consent.

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